

Hitler, Stalin, and the rise of Political Science

by Phillip W. Weiss

Today political science is a well-established field of study in the United States and other countries. Although dubbed a science, its roots are founded not in the tradition of the scientific method which is based on empirical evidence but on a long and convoluted series of events that had nothing to do with science but rather with the careers of the two most ruthless politicians in the history of the world, Adolf Hitler and Joseph Stalin.

People of questionable character have played a key role in shaping the evolution of political science. One of those people was Mr. Bonzo Lefeterri. Bonzo served a stretch in San Quentin for selling shares in a phony company named Political Science Inc. that claimed to have inside info on the outcome of elections. Bonzo made \$8.3 billion from the fraud. While in jail, Bonzo offered to buy San Quentin and redevelop the property into a state-of-the-art entertainment complex. Bonzo now is studying for a master's degree in social work specializing in helping underserved populations to better understand and appreciate the importance of political science in daily life. Bonzo has said, "No one can live a full and meaningful life without a thorough understanding of political science." Bonzo has also stated, "The failure of our schools to teach our children about the history of political science is an egregious injustice." When Bonzo gets his MSW

degree, he plans to travel the world to inform the unenlightened about how knowledge of political science is a pathway to a rich and meaningful life.

Bonzo is five feet one inch tall and weighs three hundred fifty-two pounds. Yet medical doctors report that Bonzo is in perfect health. Every morning, he does two hundred pushups, five hundred sit ups, bench presses six hundred pounds and runs a half mile in two minutes. While Bonzo regrets having destroyed Ingersoll Hall, it has not prevented him from pursuing his important research to uncover the mysteries of political science. In 2007 Brooklyn College issued a statement praising Bonzo's contributions to the field of political science and thanking him for blowing up Ingersoll Hall, which needed complete renovation anyway.¹

Humbled and contrite, Bonzo renounced all material wealth to uncover the mysteries of political science. All day he sits, covered head to foot in a blanket, meditating on the relationship of political science to eternity. He has produced a manuscript over 28,000 pages, all handwritten, chronicling his efforts to uncover the secrets hidden under the shroud that surrounds the truth contained inside the great tabernacle of political science thought.

The tabernacle is located at the Department of political science, CUNY graduate center, NYC. Only political science majors who have paid tuition in cash can view the tabernacle. The tabernacle is the Holy grail of political science.

¹ While attending a chemistry class in Ingersoll Hall at Brooklyn College where Bonzo was a student, Bonzo attempted to conduct a political science experiment by using a Bunsen burner and a container of hydrogen. The sound of the explosion, which destroyed the entire building, was heard as far away as Lima, Peru, which issued a warning for a possible tsunami. Miraculously, no one was injured because at the time of the explosion the building was unoccupied except for Bonzo who escaped death by quickly ducking under one of the desks that shielded him from the blast. Later, Brooklyn College considered filing charges against Bonzo for unauthorized use of explosive agents but then decided not to press charges after learning that Bonzo was majoring in political science.

No one has ever opened the tabernacle. Cedric Monkeyman once tried to open the tabernacle but could not open the lock that required a special key that is known to exist in only one place – the NY Yankees locker room at Yankee Stadium, behind one of the urinals. No one knows which urinal is concealing the special key. The only person who knew the exact location of the key was Billy Martin's uncle, Guiseppi Martinelli.

Guiseppi was the guardian of the tabernacle of political science. Few people knew of Mr. Martinelli's devotion to political science. He was truly a great man. He did excellent work that brought credit to the noble field of political science. According to reports, Guiseppi advised Stalin that Hitler would never invade the Soviet Union. And Stalin believed him. How did Stalin react to him after Hitler invaded Russia? Stalin showered him with medals. These medals included the Lenin Peace Medal, the Order of the Red Star with Oak Leaf Clusters, Champion of Socialist Labor, Fraternal Order of Political Scientists, Doctor of Political Science, the Noble Order of Proletarian Justice, Commander of the Socialist Vanguard, and a lifetime subscription to the Kremlin Times. Stalin also appointed him the Colonel General of the Socialist Brigade, Field Marshall of the Fourth Shock Army, Senior Commander of the Cossack Hordes, Admiral of the People's Navy, Commodore of the People's Air Force, and official food taster for the KGB.²

² Guiseppi Martinelli was also a successful minor league baseball player who led the Double A California Appleseed League in batting five times, and later became a standout in the Central American Baseball Association where he became first non-Hispanic player to win the coveted Philippe Bunau-Varilla Award for Baseball Excellence (named in honor of the great Panamanian patriot Philippe Bunau-Varilla who signed the Panama Canal treaty ceding the canal zone to the United States) and the Anastasio Somoza Award for Good Sportsmanship, the latter of which was later donated to the National Baseball Hall of Fame in Cooperstown, New York in honor of the career of that great Nicaraguan patriot and baseball fan, Anastasio Somoza.

Because of Guiseppi, political science is stronger than ever. With the benevolent support of Joseph Stalin, Guiseppi restored order to a profession that was in complete disarray. In fact, what he did saved political science for extinction. Every political scientist owes Guiseppi a debt of gratitude for the work he did to restore the work ethic to a discipline that had lost its way and needed a complete overhaul. His program to intern political scientists in gulags was a splendid example of the taxpayers' money wisely spent to restore credibility to a profession that needs a thorough shaking up.

Professor Elmer J. Throckmorton, Chairman of the Department of Political Science at Harvard University writes, "Joseph Stalin had the highest respect for the field of political science and everything in his power to ensure that political science would flourish in today's modern society." Stalin loved political science. In 1911, Stalin authored a 15,000-page poem extolling the virtues of political science. In the poem he describes political scientists as the "the crème of humanity" and "the defenders of Western Civilization." The poem is about Eustice, a mythical figure who goes on a mission to discover the truth about political science. Stalin used the Gulag not to torture or terrorize, but as a tool to cull out all who were not worthy of the title Political Scientist.

Despite Stalin's love of political science, he did not fully understand all that political science could offer. Only one person possessed that understanding. That person was Adolf Hitler. Hitler was the only politician who utterly understood the value of political science. Mein Kampf was Hitler's great contribution to the

field of Political Science. Hitler never did anything without first consulting a team of political scientists, none of whom spoke German and all of whom had graduated from Yale, Harvard, CUNY, or other fine schools where political science flourished. Hitler told Goering, "I owe all my success to my political scientists. They never steer me wrong." Hitler was certain that he would defeat Russia in five days because Stalin threw all the Russian political scientists into the Gulag. Hitler had special praise for Professor Berkowitz, considered the father of modern political science, about whom Hitler said, "My good friend Berkowitz is the finest and most trustworthy political scientists and Jew in the world." Hitler also said, "Professor Berkowitz deeply cares about the German people. And that he is Jewish makes him even more trustworthy because Jews are born political scientists."

In 1938, the Nazis published the findings of a study that proved beyond all doubt that Jewish men are born with a so-called political science gene. For that reason, Jewish men excel in political science. The 1938 study was conducted at Harvard University which already had a reputation for taking money from whomever was willing to pay, no questions asked. The 1938 study came on the heels of a 1937 study, again conducted at Harvard University, that proved conclusively that the Jewish baseball player Hank Greenberg was not Jewish but was in fact a German Aryan named Freiherr Helmut von Krakenhauer who was posing as a Jew prior to pander to the Jewish baseball fans who were still in shock when it was revealed that Honus Wagner was not Jewish.

In 1940 Professor Berkowitz warned Hitler that the absence of the political science gene in the Aryan blood could lose Germany the war, but Hitler laughed off Berkowitz's warning as pure Jewish rubbish because the Aryan race did not need political science to win the war. According to documents recently uncovered from the KGB archives located in a room directly adjacent to the private quarters of Vladimir Putin, von Krakenauer aka Hank Greenberg was a triple agent working simultaneously for the FBI, the Abwehr, and the KGB. Krakenauer used the cover of Hank Greenberg to collect information on the quality of the Jewish delis in the Bronx which served as a front for promoting political science.

Hitler believed that political science was linked to the Jewish Bolshevik conspiracy to conquer the world. Stalin, however, believed that political science had certain magical qualities that could transform the working class into a new race of political supermen with powers to dispense reparations for past social injustices committed by the Fascist-Zionist oligarchs who ruled the world. Hence, Stalin solicited the help of Professor Berkowitz to tap the magical powers of political science to transform the world into a socialist paradise.

Meanwhile Hitler has also contacted Professor Berkowitz who was perfectly happy to play the role of double agent in the game being played by the two dictators each who was determined to control the world. Berkowitz told Hitler that political science was the most sublime iteration of Aryan thought while also assuring Stalin that in political science lies the path to the liberation of the proletarian masses from the yoke of Zionist Mosaic oppression.

Berkowitz elicited the help of his closet and most faithful disciple, Cecil Monkeyman, to spread the word about political science to the masses both in Germany and the Soviet Union. Monkeyman reduced the political science message to one slogan: believe in political science or else. Both Hitler and Stalin loved that message and soon both dictators were busy at work threatening the harshest punishments for anyone who did not embrace political science. Monkeyman, who was born Menachem Schlomowicz in Cracow, Poland, where he became an ordained rabbi before involuntarily resigning after he was caught having illicit sexual relations with a female sheep named Cynthia, also wrote a jingle for political science. The jingle goes as follows: Political science is okay if you want to live another day.³

In December 1941, Hitler and Berkowitz switched identities. Hitler, now posing as Berkowitz, infiltrated himself into the Kremlin where he proceeded to have sexual relations with Stalin's favorite pets, a German shepherd dog named Mollie, and a macaw named Simon. Stalin, suspecting something different about Berkowitz, ordered the KGB to start a thorough investigation of Berkowitz's activities. Meanwhile, in Germany the real Berkowitz was rounding up everyone who refused to pledge their allegiance to political science. Soon Nazism and political science merged and became almost indistinguishable. Meanwhile, in Moscow, Hitler masquerading as Berkowitz, kept insisting that he was in fact

³ Cecil Monkeyman was also an accomplished tuba player who could play every piece composed by the great John Philip Souza and also was arguably the world's greatest monopoly player who still holds the lifetime record for the most money won, \$480,576,000, which he deposited in a special account administered by the Institute for Advance Neuropsychiatric Studies, Brookline, Massachusetts, where Mr. Monkeyman was hospitalized for delusional ideations centering on his belief that he owned Boardwalk, Park Place, the Pennsylvania Railroad and over ten-thousand hotels, all painted green.

Hitler. Believing that Berkowitz had gone stark raving mad, Stalin ordered Hitler committed to the KGB-run state psychiatric hospital located in Vladivostok where, under the supervision of the finest KGB psychiatrists in the Soviet Union, Hitler received daily administrations of electroshock therapy and dousing in tubs filled with ice-cold water to cure their patient of his delusions.

After twenty-seven administrations of EST, each dose containing ten-thousand volts of electricity, enough voltage to launch a battleship, Hitler's identity surfaced as the Fuhrer and believing he was in Berlin declared war on the Soviet Union. However, after the KGB informed him that he was in Moscow, Hitler, in a dramatic gesture of goodwill to his KGB hosts who had treated him so humanely, changed his mind and declared war on Germany now under the iron thumb of that great imposter, Professor Berkowitz, who, disguised as Hitler, had transformed Germany into the world's first poli-sci totalitarian state.

As the ruler of a poli-sci state, Berkowitz organized massive rallies, extolling the glories of political science. These rallies included singers, dancers, acrobats, gymnasts, actors, actresses, comedians, detectives, scholars, frauds, cheats, swindlers, transsexuals, bisexuals, homosexuals, asexuals, nonsexuals, antisexuals, prosexuals, multisexuals, baseball players, cooks, nurses, doctors, psychologists, social workers, prostitutes, fornicators, educators, procrastinators, elevator operators, truck drivers, housewives, homebodies, professors, instructors, astronauts, cosmonauts, card sharks, shysters, heisters, jockeys, jokers, jaybirds, jaywalkers, fops, cops, mopes, dopes, screamers,

dimwits, halfwits, nitwits, Phoenicians, Etruscans, Hittites, Sumerians, Greeks, geeks, tightrope artists, painters, janitors, pizza makers, counters, bouncers, drinkers, stinkers, drunks, skunks, generals, sergeants, Marines, sailors, pilots, ship captains, malcontents, muggers, sluggers, police officers, depressives, hysterics, barmaids, masticators, weather forecasters, monkeys, gorillas, chimps, goats, eagles, beagles, Roman legionnaires, polar bears, black bears, brown bears, grizzly bears, teddy bears, crybabies, Christians, Muslims, Jews, rabbis, ombudsmen, bus drivers, priests, ministers, donkeys, ravens, camp followers, and many more all paying homage to political science as the only path to salvation and Adolf Hitler as its Chief Messenger. Meanwhile in Moscow, overjoyed over having discovered a new ally, Stalin awarded the real Hitler fourteen Orders of Lenin with oak leaf clusters and declared Hitler to be Hero of the Soviet Union and Supreme Champion of the Soviet masses.

As for Professor Berkowitz, his cover now blown and identity revealed, the professor quickly packed his bags, stuffing them with ten million dollars in cash, and caught the first flight to Boston, Massachusetts. From the airport it was a short drive to Harvard University where Berkowitz had secured a position as the chairman of the political science department at a salary of two million dollars per year financed by a twenty-billion-dollar federal grant for research on the importance of political science in the ongoing war being fought to defend the United States against the Judeo-Fascist-Mosaic-Zionist cabal that is plotting to conquer the world.

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